

Formal and Semi-Formal Methods

Formal Verification through Model Transformation

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Outline

Formal Methods

Semi-Formal Methods

Integrated Methods

Tools/Approaches

The Scenario

- ▶ Software has been constructed for decades
- ▶ Vast amounts of time and money spent fixing broken software
- ▶ Lots of research into best practices

- ▶ Verification - “Are we building the product right?” [[Boe79](#)] in [[Som01](#)]

Formal Methods

- ▶ Mathematically-based languages, techniques and tools
- ▶ Specification and verification
- ▶ The ability to prove
 - ▶ That a specification is realisable
 - ▶ Behavioural/structural properties
 - ▶ That a system has been implemented correctly
- ▶ Discover inconsistencies, ambiguities

[Win90, CW96]

Formal Methods

Industrial Concerns

- ▶ Entry cost to FMs high
- ▶ Insufficient tool support
- ▶ Lack of expertise/training
 - ▶ Specifications easy to understand, difficult to create [SB01]
- ▶ However...
 - ▶ (Possible) recent increase in the usage of FMs
 - ▶ Projects that have used FMs showed improvements in time, cost and quality
- ▶ Not every domain NEEDS formal methods
 - ▶ Mostly used in Transport, Finance and Defence
 - ▶ For Real-Time, Distributed, and Transaction processing applications

[CW96, WLBF09]

Semi-Formal Methods

- ▶ Model-Driven Engineering
 - ▶ Focus on creating *models* of a system at each stage in the development lifecycle
 - ▶ Automatic model transformations (e.g. to code)
- ▶ Intuitive, graphical notations
- ▶ Good at abstracting away detail
- ▶ Well-defined methodologies
- ▶ Produces more maintainable software

[Sch06, Wat08]

Semi-Formal Methods

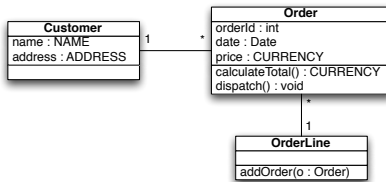
Industrial Acceptance

- ▶ Widely used in industry
- ▶ Often informally defined semantics, causing:
 - ▶ Ambiguity
 - ▶ Inconsistency
 - ▶ Imprecision
 - ▶ Unable to be formally reasoned about

[KER99, HR04]

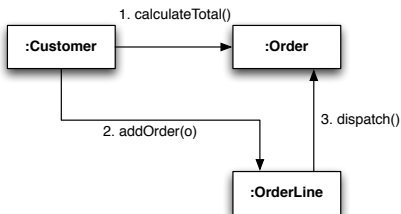
Semi-Formal Methods

Inconsistency Example



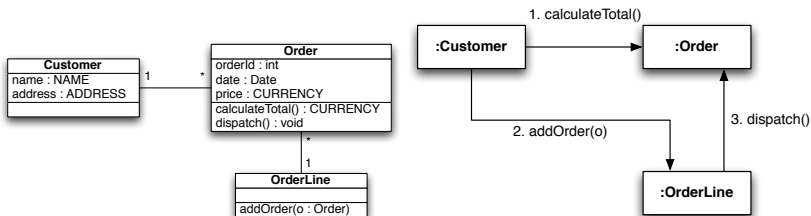
Semi-Formal Methods

Inconsistency Example



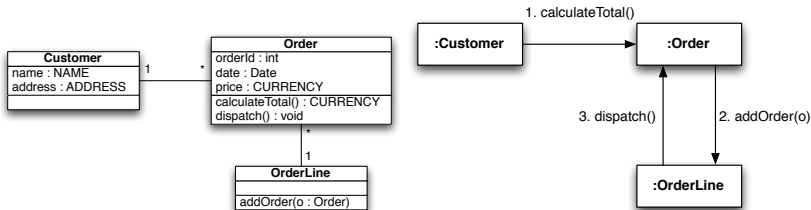
Semi-Formal Methods

Inconsistency Example



Semi-Formal Methods

Inconsistency Example



Integrated Methods

- ▶ Take the best from both worlds
- ▶ Formal methods
 - ▶ Make precise, unambiguous statements
 - ▶ Formal reasoning
- ▶ Semi-formal methods
 - ▶ Speed, intuitive design
 - ▶ Manage size and complexity
- ▶ Approaches: side-by-side, formal links
- ▶ Levels: metamodel, semantic, methodical, tool

[SFD92, BLSS00]

Integrated Methods

Model Transformations for Verification

- ▶ Use model transformations to verify a model
 - ▶ I.e. transform into a format which can be reasoned about
- ▶ Diagram \rightarrow formal language
 - ▶ Usually need to add extra or adopt specific semantics

[TTSE08]

Tools/Approaches

- ▶ UML \rightarrow Z
 - ▶ RoZ [DLCP00]
 - ▶ GeFoRME [Ama07]
 - ▶ AUtoZ [WP09]
 - ▶ Harmony (UML \rightarrow Z++) [DH02]
 - ▶ UML \rightarrow Object-Z [KBC05]
- ▶ UML \rightarrow B
 - ▶ Ledang [LS02]
 - ▶ U2B [SB01]
 - ▶ Rodin UML-B [SB06]
- ▶ UML \rightarrow Alloy
 - ▶ UML2Alloy [ABGR07]

Tools/Methods

UML → Z

- ▶ **Z** : Set theory and first order predicate calculus [Org02]
 - ▶ *Schema* structuring mechanism
 - ▶ Focuses on structural and functional properties
- ▶ GeFoRME / AUtoZ [Ama07, WP09]
 - ▶ Template based approach
 - ▶ Flexible semantics
 - ▶ Class and state diagrams

Tools/Methods

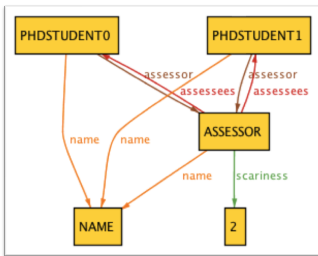
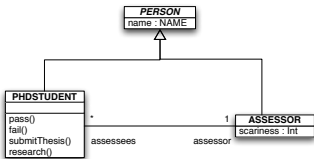
UML → B

- ▶ **B** : Abstract 'Machines' [Abr96]
 - ▶ Focus on refinement towards an implementation
- ▶ U2B / Rodin UML-B [SB01, SB06]
 - ▶ Graphical formal language
 - ▶ Event-B semantics
 - ▶ Class-like diagrams

Tools/Methods

UML → Alloy

- ▶ **Alloy** : Fully-automated analysis of models [Jac06]
 - ▶ Simulation and consistency checking
- ▶ UML2Alloy [ABGR07]
 - ▶ UML class diagram (inc. OCL constraints) → Alloy specification



Tools/Methods

Comparison : Syntactic Completeness

Method/Tool	Syntax Covered
RoZ	Class
GeFoRME	Class, State, Object
AUtoZ	Class, State
Harmony	Class, State
UML → Object-Z	Class
Ledang	Class, Collaboration, State, OCL
U2B	Class
Rodin UML-B	Class, State
UML2Alloy	Class, OCL

Tools/Methods

Comparison : Semantic Flexibility

Method/Tool	Semantic Flexibility
RoZ	Fixed / User-defined
GeFoRME	Flexible
AUtoZ	Flexible
Harmony	Fixed
UML → Object-Z	Fixed
Ledang	Fixed
U2B	Fixed
Rodin UML-B	Fixed
UML2Alloy	Fixed

Tools/Methods

Evaluation

- ▶ None have complete source language (UML) coverage
- ▶ Often need to annotate in the formal language
- ▶ Few approaches consider the round-trip
 - ▶ There is a focus on transforming the diagram into a formal specification
 - ▶ What about updating the diagram with information discovered during the formal analysis? (Allows modellers to benefit)
 - ▶ Use FMs “under the hood” [\[WLBF09\]](#)

Conclusion

- ▶ Both formal and semi-formal methods have shortcomings
- ▶ Integrating the two might improve the quality of software development
 - ▶ Need to help modellers/designers determine the best FM for their task [\[KHR08\]](#)
- ▶ Many approaches proposed
 - ▶ None are complete (syntactically or semantically)
 - ▶ None will be appropriate for all situations
- ▶ We also need formal support for Domain Specific Languages

The End

- ▶ Thanks for listening
- ▶ Slides and bibliography available at
<http://www-users.cs.york.ac.uk/~jw>
- ▶ Any questions?

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